

The final conference of the POLNOR-LEADER project

Further applications of HALE UAVs

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Important features of HALE UAVs

Advantages	Challenges
Unlimited endurance	PV-based power supply
	Long-range high-speed communication system
	Advanced autonomy of controlling the mission
Possibility to fly at high altitudes	Efficient power supply, high-thrust propulsion system
	Overcoming limitations of the airspace
Collecting measurements and observations over large areas	Storing and transmitting massive databases
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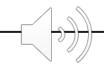




HALE UAVs in the role of pseudosatellites

- This idea was brought to the LEADER project by Prof. W. Skarka
- UAVs fly at the altitudes approaching 20 km ASL
- Several countries, and companies, have developed and flown such vehicles with encouraging success
- The world record for a vehicle of HALE class is held by 'Zephyr', manufactured by Airbus, that flew for 64 days in 2022
- HALE AUVs can take over significant tasks that carry out satellites located at the Earth orbits, by incomparable lower costs of construction and operation
- Important issues are implied by law regulations (wingspans, MTOWs, altitudes, BVLOS)

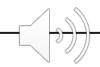




HALE UAVs as mobile observation, monitoring and measuring stations

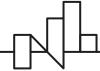
- Long (unlimited) endurance allows long-term monitoring of critical objects, or habitats
- Communication limits require processing data and images onboard
- Reliability of the systems is the challenge





Future research

- 1. Methodology of optimal designing of HALE UAVs
- 2. Fault-tolerant design of HALE UAVs
- 3. More efficient power sources
- 4. Energy-efficient measuring systems, observation devices, communication
- 5. Software for data and images processing onboard
- 6. Al-based autonomy of drones supported in rare situations by a virtual teleportation of the remote operator
- 7. Cooperation with institutions creating law regarding the use of airspace in the scope of modifying this law enabling the operation of HALE UAVs with significant wingspans and MTOW

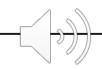




Research projects

- 1. Advanced control system for UAV with incidental intervention of a remote operator (MSCA)
- 2. Assessment of the impact of the greenhouse effect on the expansion of thermophilic species to cooler biotopes (HE)
- 3. Further research on air pollution (low emission, industrial and natural emission)

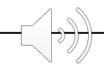




Conclusions

- LEADER project has opened an unlimited area of research concerning HALE UAVs
- There are several threads of research:
 - Design of HALE drones
 - Manufacturing and integrating the drones
 - Assuring long endurance of the flight
 - Autonomy of HALE UAVs
 - Energy-efficient scientific payload
 - Intelligent software for planning missions, controlling them, presenting and analysing data
- All these threads were addressed by the LEADER project
- The research group composed for carried out this research is going to continue the research
- We want to collaborate with other teams interested in this research area





Thank you for your attention!

